

# **News Release**

Purchasing Managers' Index<sup>®</sup> MARKET SENSITIVE INFORMATION EMBARGOED UNTIL: 0900 (CET) / 0700 (UTC) June 23<sup>rd</sup> 2017

# IHS Markit Flash France PMI®

# Employment rises to greatest extent for almost 10 years

## **Key findings:**

- Flash France Composite Output Index<sup>(1)</sup> falls to 55.3 (56.9 in May), 5-month low
- Flash France Services Activity Index<sup>(2)</sup> decreases to 55.3 (57.2 in May), 5-month low
- Flash France Manufacturing Output Index<sup>(3)</sup> falls to 55.4 (55.7 in May), 3-month low
- Flash France Manufacturing PMI<sup>(4)</sup> rises to 55.0 (53.8 in May) 2-month high

## Data collected June 12-22

June's flash France PMI<sup>®</sup> data pointed to a further improvement in private sector conditions in France. Indeed, the latest expansion extended the period of private sector growth to one year. The **IHS Markit Flash France Composite Output Index**, based on around 85% of normal monthly survey replies, registered 55.3 in June. Although down from May's six-year peak of 56.9, the rate of increase remained marked overall.

Service sector activity rose for the twelfth time in as many months in June. The rate of growth remained marked, despite easing to a five-month low. Manufacturing output also continued to increase markedly, but at a fractionally softer pace than in the previous month.

As was the case with output, May data signalled a twelfth consecutive month-on-month rise in **new business**. Moreover, the rate of expansion quickened from May and was sharp. New orders increased at both manufacturers and services providers for the ninth and sixteenth months respectively.

Buoyed by strong client demand, private sector firms in France raised their **staffing numbers** for an eighth successive month in June. Furthermore, the rate of job creation was the most marked in just under ten years. The increase was broad-based across both the manufacturing and service sectors. The amount of **business outstanding** at private sector companies in France rose in June, thereby extending the latest period of backlog accumulation to 16 months. The rate of growth moderated from May's six-year high but was solid nonetheless. Capacity pressures rose to a weaker extent in the service sector, while a sharper rise was reported at manufacturers.

**Input prices** faced by companies in the French private sector continued to increase in June. The rate of inflation softened for the second successive month but remained sharp overall. Inflation weakened to an eight-month low at goodsproducers, while a fractional acceleration was registered by their counterparts in the service sector.

June data highlighted a fall in average **selling prices** following increases in each of the prior two months. The downturn was driven by a sharper fall in average charges at service providers. In contrast, goods-producers continued to raise their output prices in June, albeit to the weakest extent since December last year.

Finally, private sector companies sustained a positive **outlook** towards output growth over the coming 12-month period. The degree of positive sentiment remained marked, despite dipping to a five-month low. Latest data indicated that manufacturing companies overtook service providers as the most optimistic towards their future growth prospects.

## Comment

Commenting on the Flash PMI data, Alex Gill, Economist at IHS Markit said:

"PMI data continue to paint a positive picture of the French private sector economy, despite a slight moderation from the levels seen over the previous few months.



# **News Release**

"A particularly upbeat talking point highlighted in the latest data was the sharpest rise in employment for almost ten years. This is welcome news for the newly elected government which has made reducing unemployment one of the main aims of its administration. The slowdown in the rate of accumulation in unfinished work poses a slight concern however, and may slow employment growth in the short-term.

"Over a longer time horizon, with Emmanuel Macron's 'La République en Marche' now holding a majority in the national assembly, proposed labour market reforms are likely to occur which could help further reduce unemployment."

-Ends-



**Economic output** 

Sources: IHS Markit, INSEE via Datastream.

# **Employment**





# News Release

## For further information, please contact:

**IHS Markit** 

Alex Gill, Economist Telephone +44-1491-461-015 Email <u>alex.gill@ihsmarkit.com</u> Joanna Vickers Telephone +44-207-260-2234 Email joanna.vickers@ihsmarkit.com

# Note to Editors:

Final June data are published on July 3<sup>rd</sup> for manufacturing and July 5<sup>th</sup> for services and composite indicators.

The France PMI (Purchasing Managers' Index) is produced by IHS Markit and is based on original survey data collected from a representative panel of 750 companies based in the French manufacturing and service sectors. The **flash** estimate is based on around 85% of total PMI survey responses each month and is designed to provide an accurate advance indication of the final PMI data.

The average differences between the flash and final PMI index values (final minus flash) since comparisons were first available in January 2006 are as follows (differences in absolute terms provide the better indication of true variation while average differences provide a better indication of any bias):

Index	Average difference	Average difference in absolute terms	
France Composite Output Index <sup>(1)</sup>	-0.1	0.4	
France Manufacturing PMI <sup>(3)</sup>	0.1	0.3	
France Services Business Activity Index <sup>(2)</sup>	-0.2	0.6	

The Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) survey methodology has developed an outstanding reputation for providing the most up-to-date possible indication of what is really happening in the private sector economy by tracking variables such as sales, employment, inventories and prices. The indices are widely used by businesses, governments and economic analysts in financial institutions to help better understand business conditions and guide corporate and investment strategy. In particular, central banks in many countries (including the European Central Bank) use the data to help make interest rate decisions. PMI surveys are the *first* indicators of economic conditions published each month and are therefore available well ahead of comparable data produced by government bodies.

#### Notes

1. The Composite Output PMI is a weighted average of the Manufacturing Output Index and the Services Business Activity Index.

- 2. The Services Business Activity Index is the direct equivalent of the Manufacturing Output Index, based on the survey question "Is the level of business activity at your company higher, the same or lower than one month ago?"
- 3. The Manufacturing Output Index is based on the survey question "Is the level of production/output at your company higher, the same or lower than one month ago?"
- 4. The Manufacturing PMI is a composite index based on a weighted combination of the following five survey variables (weights shown in brackets): new orders (0.3); output (0.25); employment (0.2); suppliers' delivery times (0.15); stocks of materials purchased (0.1). The delivery times index is inverted.

IHS Markit do not revise underlying survey data after first publication, but seasonal adjustment factors may be revised from time to time as appropriate which will affect the seasonally adjusted data series. Historical data relating to the underlying (unadjusted) numbers, first published seasonally adjusted series and subsequently revised data are available to subscribers from IHS Markit. Please contact economics@ihsmarkit.com.

### About IHS Markit (www.ihsmarkit.com)

IHS Markit (Nasdaq: INFO) is a world leader in critical information, analytics and expertise to forge solutions for the major industries and markets that drive economies worldwide. The company delivers next-generation information, analytics and solutions to customers in business, finance and government, improving their operational efficiency and providing deep insights that lead to well-informed, confident decisions. IHS Markit has more than 50,000 key business and government customers, including 85 percent of the Fortune Global 500 and the world's leading financial institutions. Headquartered in London, IHS Markit is committed to sustainable, profitable growth.

IHS Markit is a registered trademark of IHS Markit Ltd. All other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners © 2017 IHS Markit Ltd. All rights reserved.

#### About PMI

Purchasing Managers' Index<sup>®</sup> (PMI<sup>®</sup>) surveys are now available for over 30 countries and also for key regions including the eurozone. They are the most closely-watched business surveys in the world, favoured by central banks, financial markets and business decision makers for their ability to provide up-to-date, accurate and often unique monthly indicators of economic trends. To learn more go to www.markit.com/product/pmi

The intellectual property rights to the Flash France PMI<sup>®</sup> provided herein are owned by or licensed to IHS Markit. Any unauthorised use, including but not limited to copying, distributing, transmitting or otherwise of any data appearing is not permitted without IHS Markit's prior consent. IHS Markit shall not have any liability, duty or obligation for or relating to the content or information ("data") contained herein, any errors, inaccuracies, omissions or delays in the data, or for any actions taken in reliance thereon. In no event shall IHS Markit be liable for any special, incidental, or consequential damages, arising out of the use of the data. Purchasing Managers' Index<sup>®</sup> and PMI<sup>®</sup> are either registered trade marks of Markit Economics Limited or licensed to Markit Economics Limited. IHS Markit is a registered trademark of IHS Markit, *If you prefer not to receive news releases from IHS Markit, please email joanna.vickers @ihsmarkit.com*. To read our privacy policy, <u>click here</u>.